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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/822,924	04/13/2004	Norman D. Hinman	582429.00001	3565
20873 Locke Lord Bi	7590 03/26/200 ssell & Liddell LLP	EXAMINER		
Attn: Michael	Ritchie, Docketing	JOHNSON, EDWARD M		
2200 Ross Avo Suite # 2200	enue		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DALLAS, TX	75201-6776		1793	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/26/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. 10/822,924 HINMAN ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Edward M. Johnson 1793

Applicant(s)

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply		
WHICHEVER IS LONGEF - Extensions of time may be available after SIX (6) MONTHS from the many of the period for reply is specified: - Failure to reply within the set or expenses.	R, FROM THE MAILING DATE (le under the provisions of 37 GFR 1.136(a). I ailing date of this communication. thove, the maximum statutory period will apple tended period for reply will, by statute, cause ter than three months after the mailing date or	SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, DFTHIS COMMUNICATION. In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed by and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. the application to become ARANDONED (38 U.S.C. § 133). It his communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status		
2a) This action is FINAl 3) Since this application	n is in condition for allowance e	
Disposition of Claims		
4a) Of the above cla 5) Claim(s) is/a 6) Claim(s) is/a 7) Claim(s) is/a	e rejected.	
Application Papers		
10) The drawing(s) filed Applicant may not req Replacement drawing	uest that any objection to the drawir sheet(s) including the correction is	I or b) Objected to by the Examiner. ng(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). er. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	9	
a) All b) Some * 1. Certified copi 2. Certified copi 3. Copies of the application for	c) None of: es of the priority documents haves of the priority documents haves	e been received in Application No cuments have been received in this National Stage T Rule 17.2(a)).
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (P Notice of Draftsperson's Pater Notice of Draftsperson's Pater	t Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (FTO/S5/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.

6) Other: _____.

Application/Control Number: 10/822,924

Art Unit: 1793

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-105, drawn to a method for making carbonsilica products, classified in class 502, subclass 413.
- II. Claims 106-160, drawn to a carbon-silica product, classified in class 423. subclass 345.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product as claimed could be made by a materially different process, such as a process comprising specific steps for including or removing the components of claims 139-160. The process could also be used to produce a materially different product such as said various products.

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above <u>and</u> there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR

1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or

admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

A telephone call was made to Mark Backofen on 3/21/08 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will

issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edward M. Johnson whose telephone number is 571-272-1352. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30-6:00.

requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stanley S. Silverman can be reached on 571-272-1358. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Edward M. Johnson/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1793